

Visualizing Lenz's Law

Physics Lesson Study '25-'26

Alexandra Miller
Brianna Santangelo
Eliza Morris
Sara Adibi
Yazdan Pedram Razi

Facilitated By:
Alexandra Miller



Funding provided through award
number DUE-1953472

Our team



Sara Adibi
Mech. Engineering
San Diego State



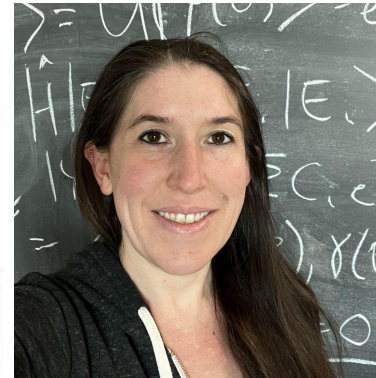
Liza Morris
Physics
Sacramento State



Brianna Santangelo
Physics
Sacramento State



Yazdan Pedram Razi
Engineering/Math
San Jose State



Alexandra Miller
Physics
Sonoma State

Choosing a Dimension

Ourstories/Theirstories

Having the students connect the content to their own lives

Body/Emotion

Invite our students to use their bodies as resources



Focal Student Interviews

Takeaway: Students did not have experience with electricity generation



Body and Emotion

“The body and senses matter for any real world problem.” Whether we realize it or not, we are constantly using our bodies to observe the world around us, thus our bodies serve us as an experimental tool.

In this dimension, we invite our students to use their bodies as resources to explore the content of the lesson.

Embodied Learning

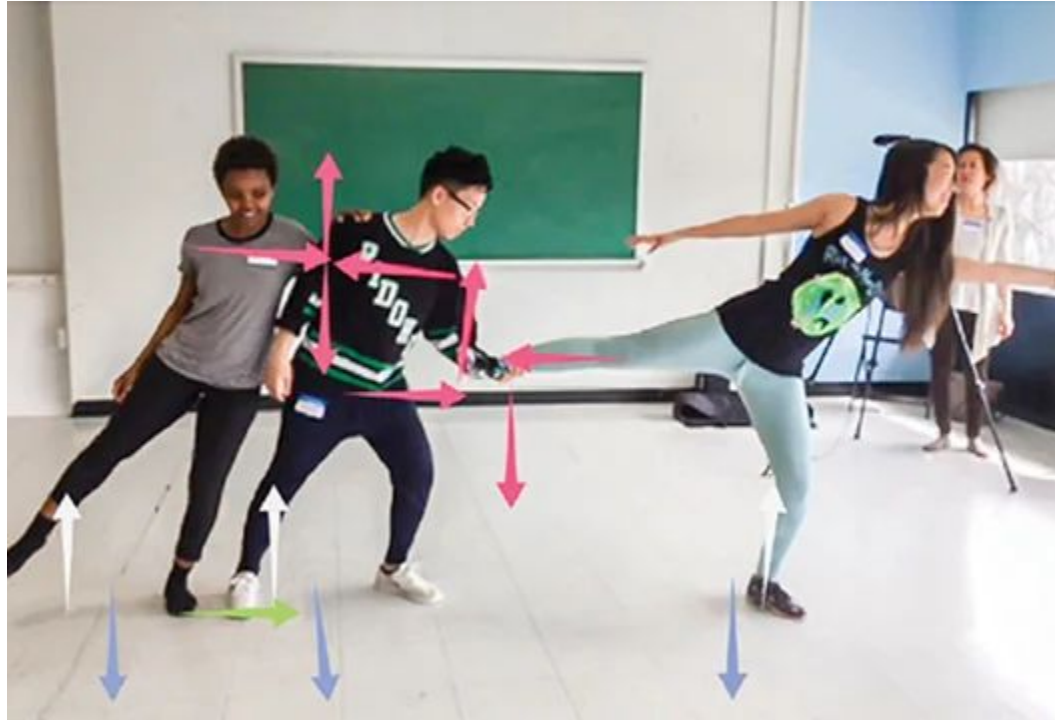
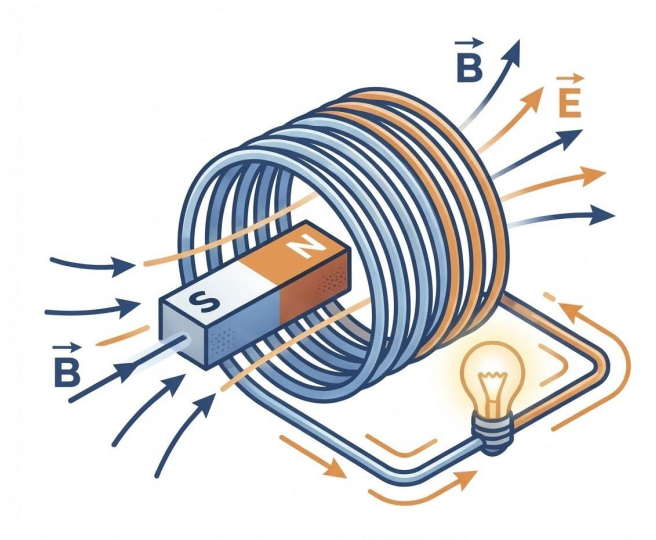
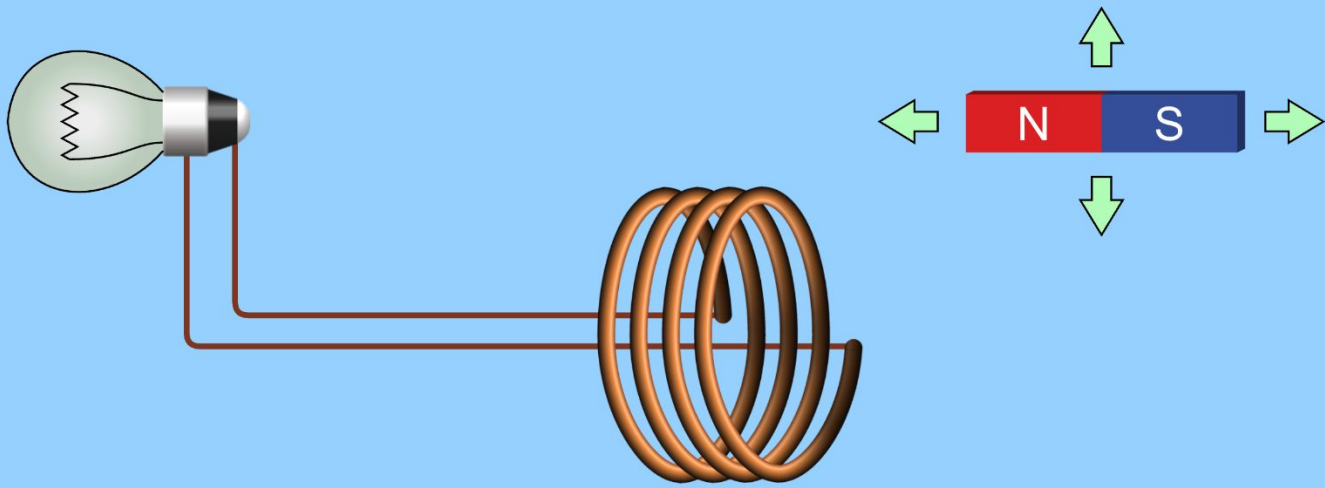


Photo: <https://blog.terc.edu/embodied-learning-through-dance-and-physics>
From the Embodied Physics Program”

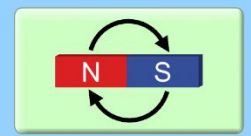
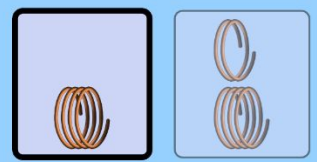
Faraday's Law

A time-dependent magnetic field induces an electric field.





- ☐ Voltmeter
- ☐ Field Lines

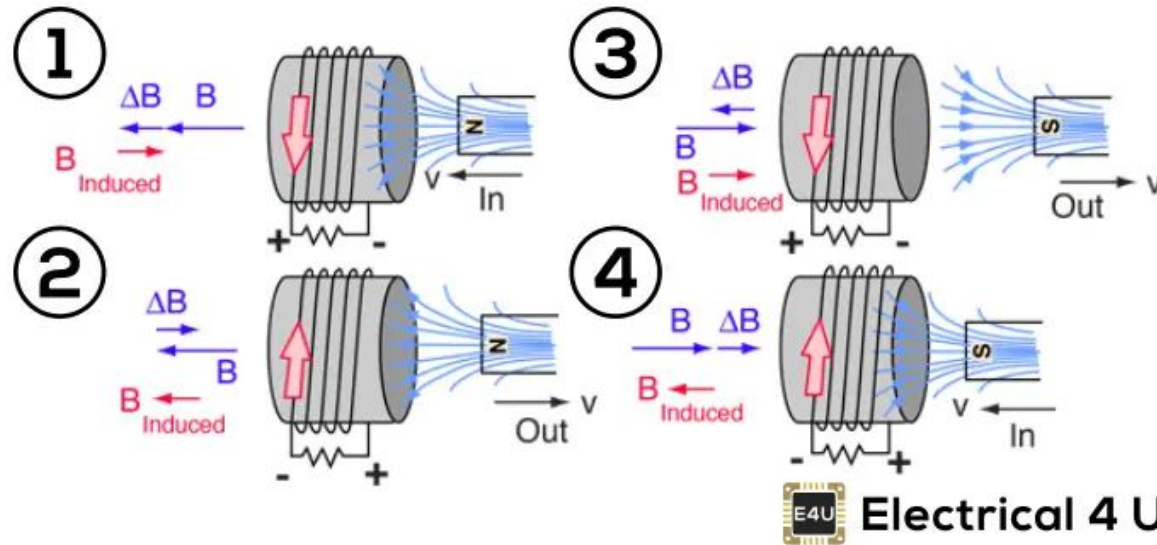


Lenz's Law

A “helpful” rule to help determine the direction of a voltage induced via Faraday's Law

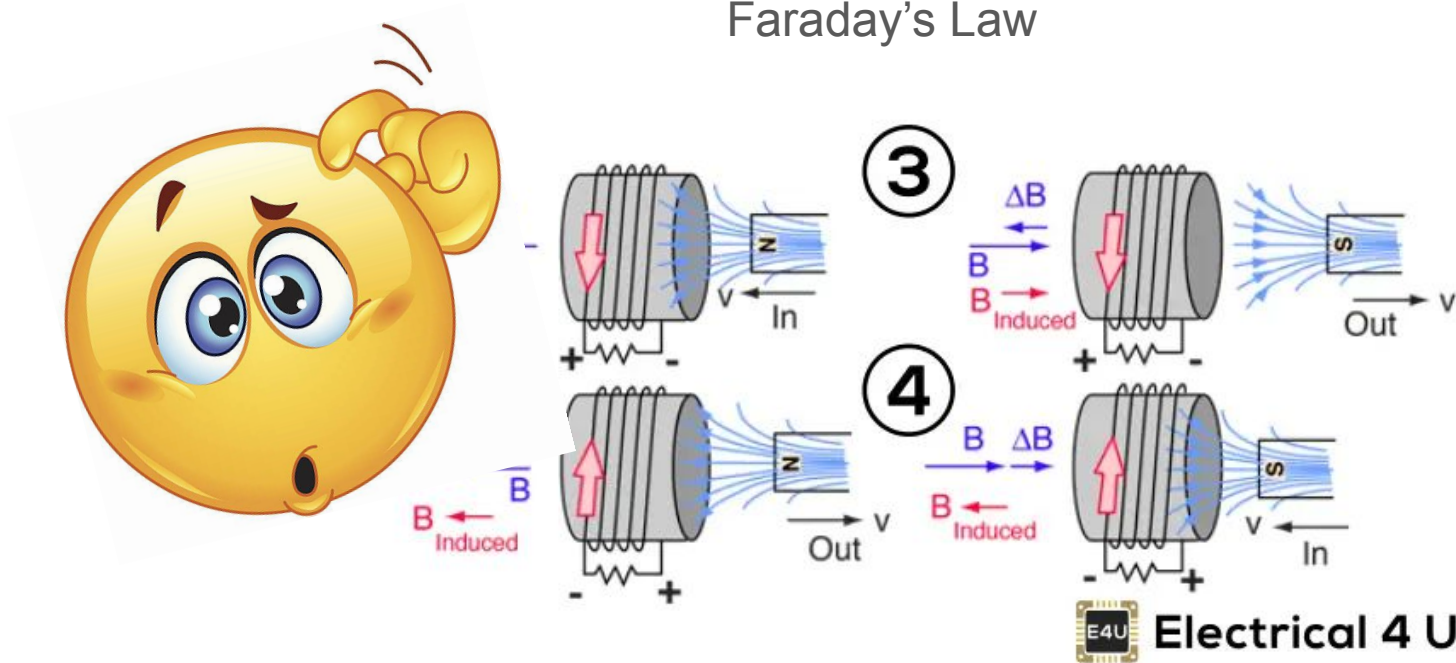
Lenz's Law

A “helpful” rule to help determine the direction of a voltage induced via Faraday's Law



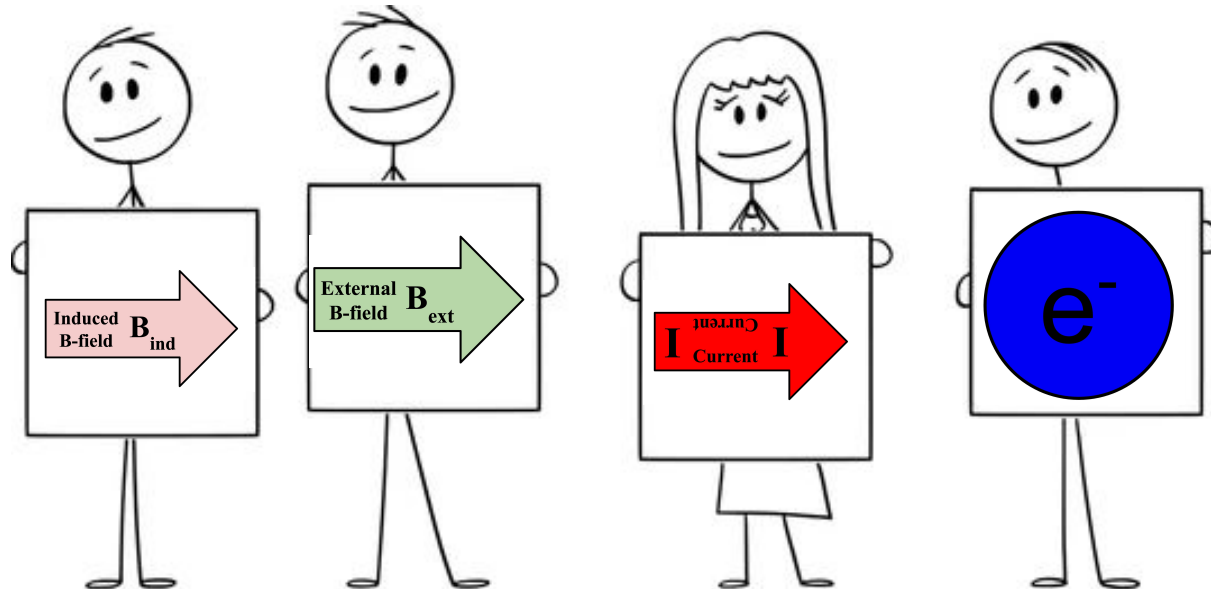
Lenz's Law

A “helpful” rule to help determine the direction of a voltage induced via Faraday's Law



We had our students use their bodies to represent:

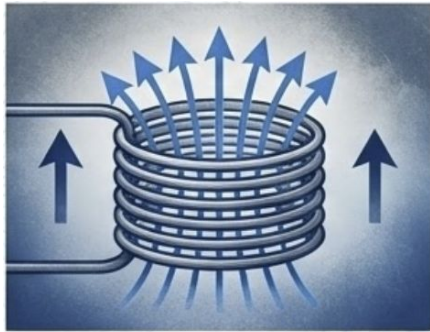
- The external magnetic field
- The electrons in a conducting wire
- The direction of the current in the wire
- The magnetic field sourced by the current in the wire



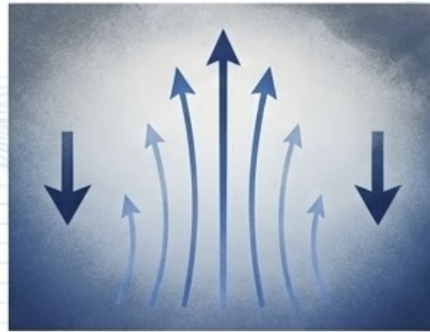
Scenarios

We considered various scenarios, such as:

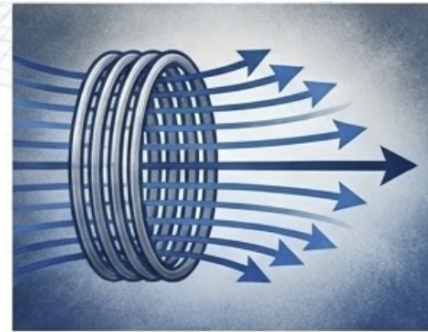
- A vertical increasing magnetic field
- A vertical decreasing magnetic field
- A horizontal increasing magnetic field
- A field with constant magnitude, but changing direction



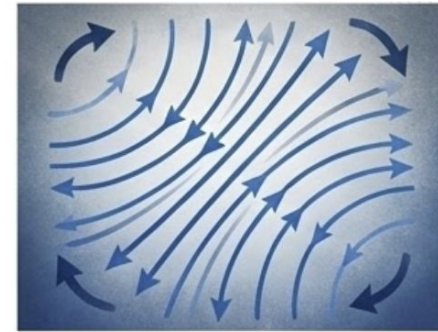
Vertical increasing
magnetic field



Vertical decreasing
magnetic field



Horizontal increasing
magnetic field



A field with constant
magnitude, but
changing direction

Sample Exercise

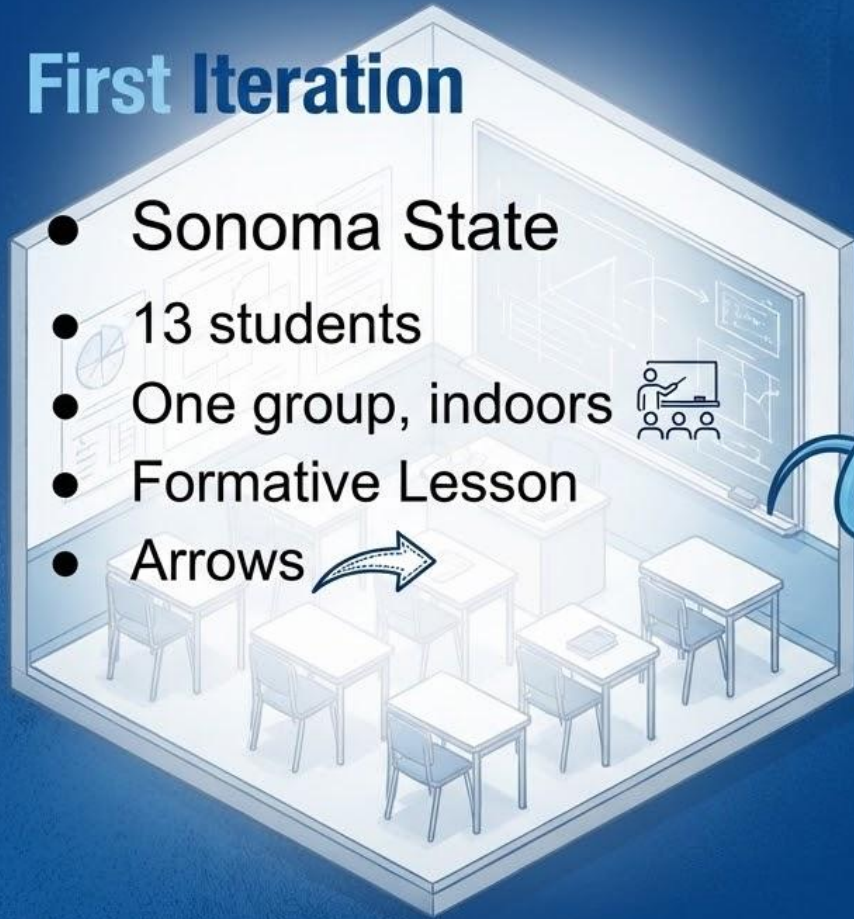


Focal Students speaking up!



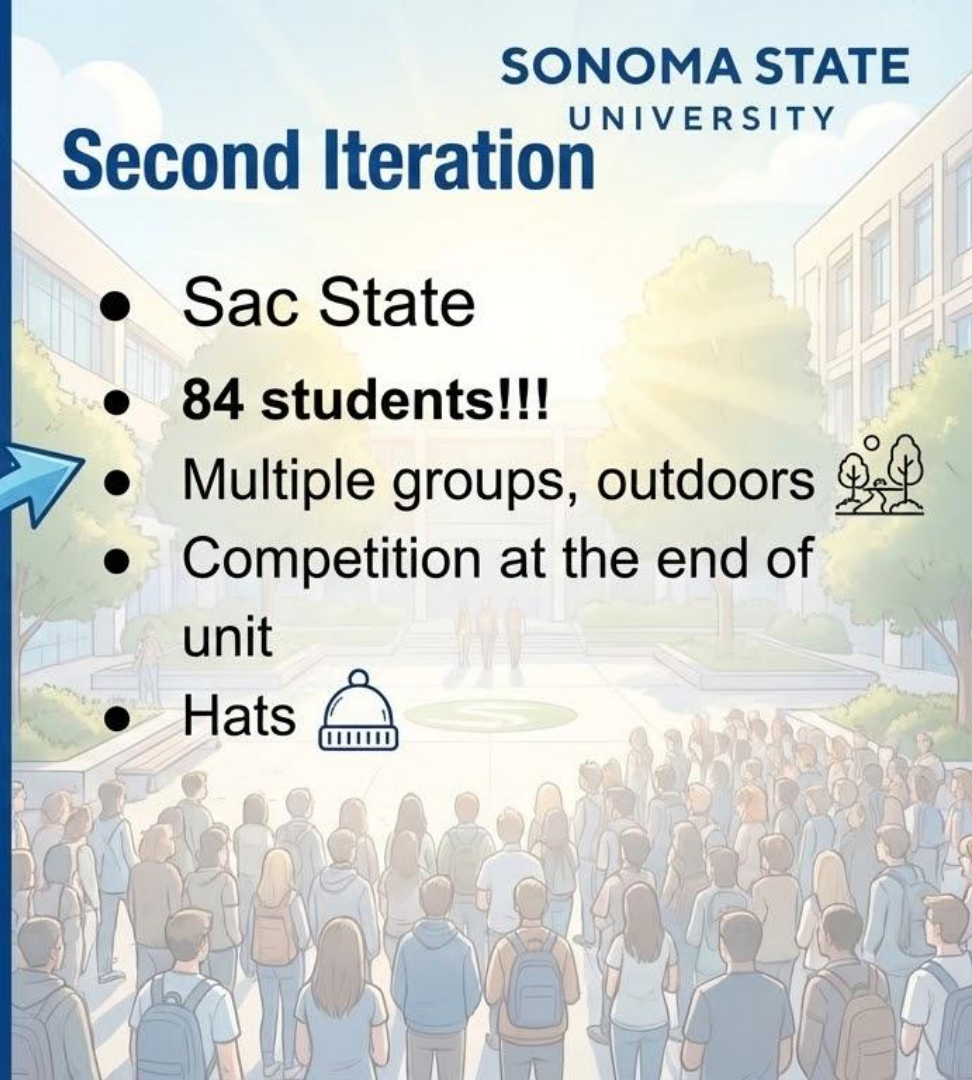
First Iteration

- Sonoma State
- 13 students
- One group, indoors
- Formative Lesson
- Arrows

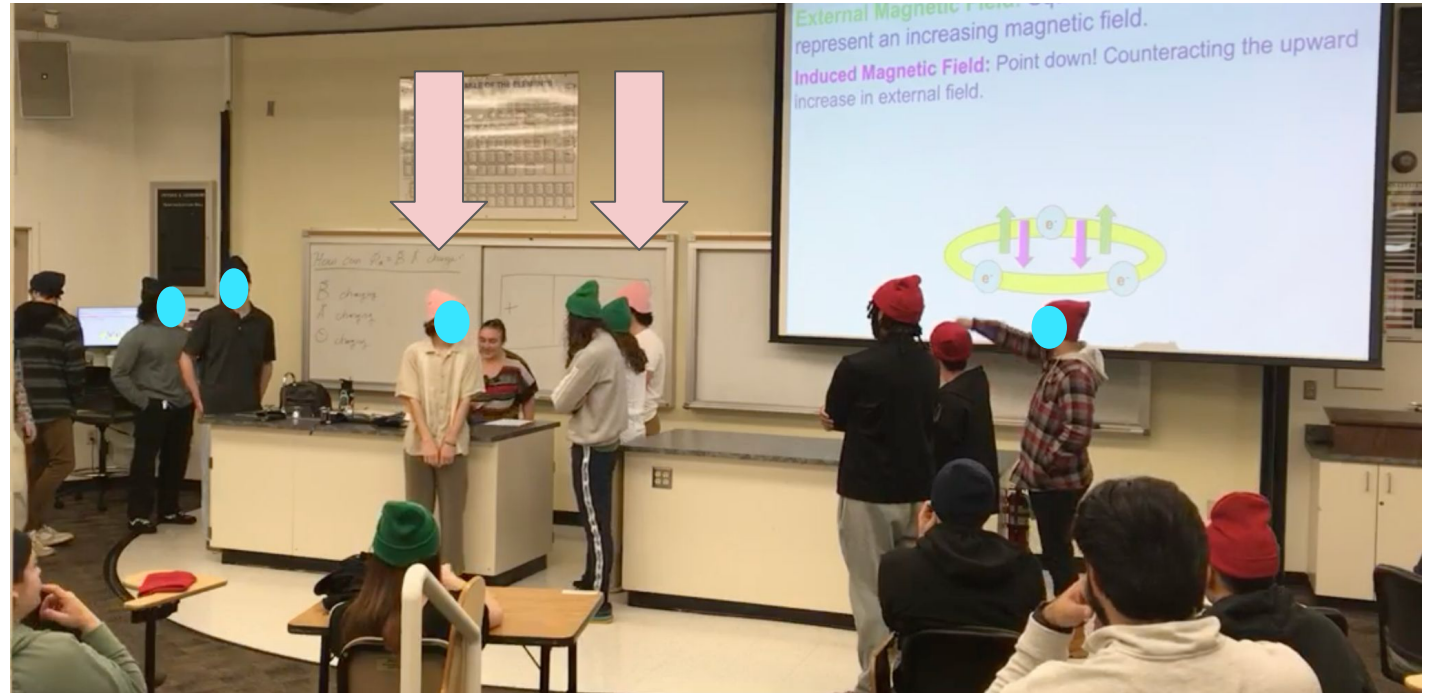
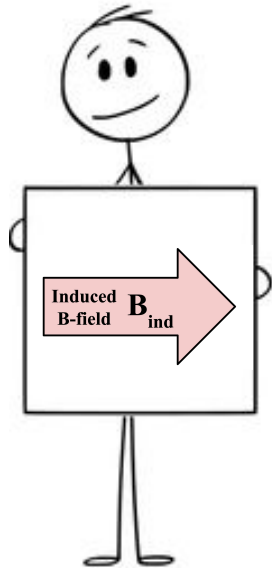


Second Iteration

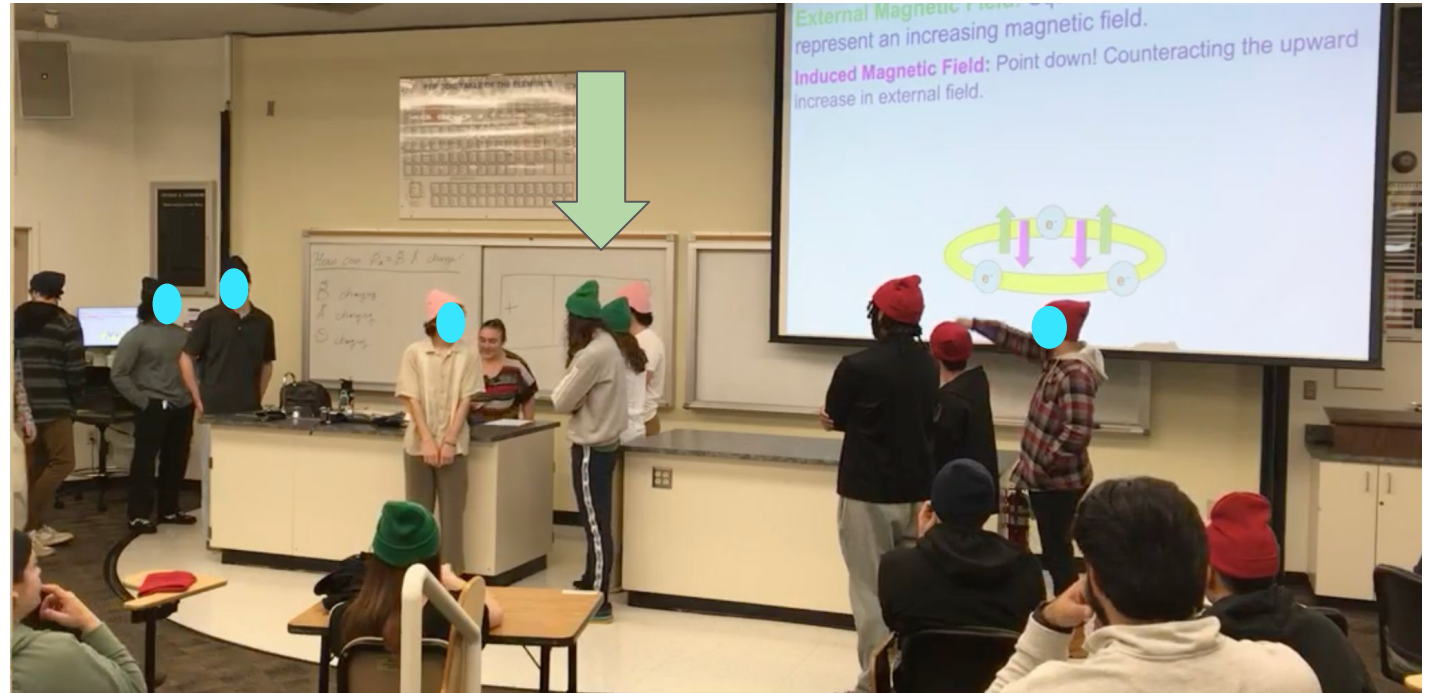
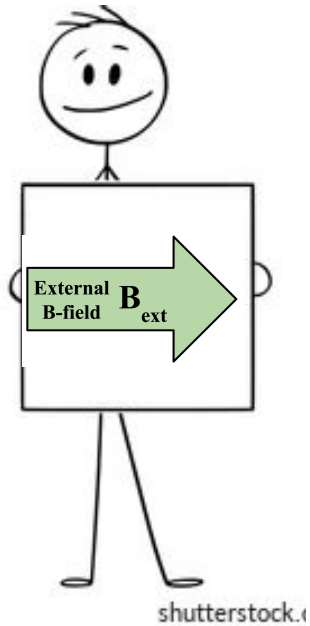
- Sac State
- **84 students!!!**
- Multiple groups, outdoors
- Competition at the end of unit
- Hats



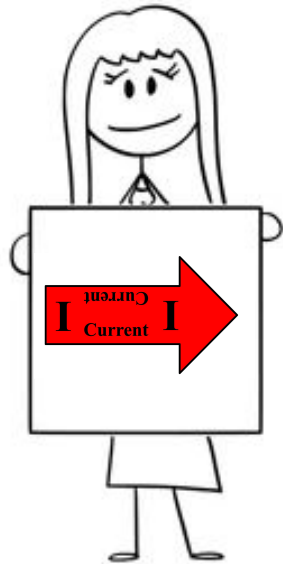
Second Iteration



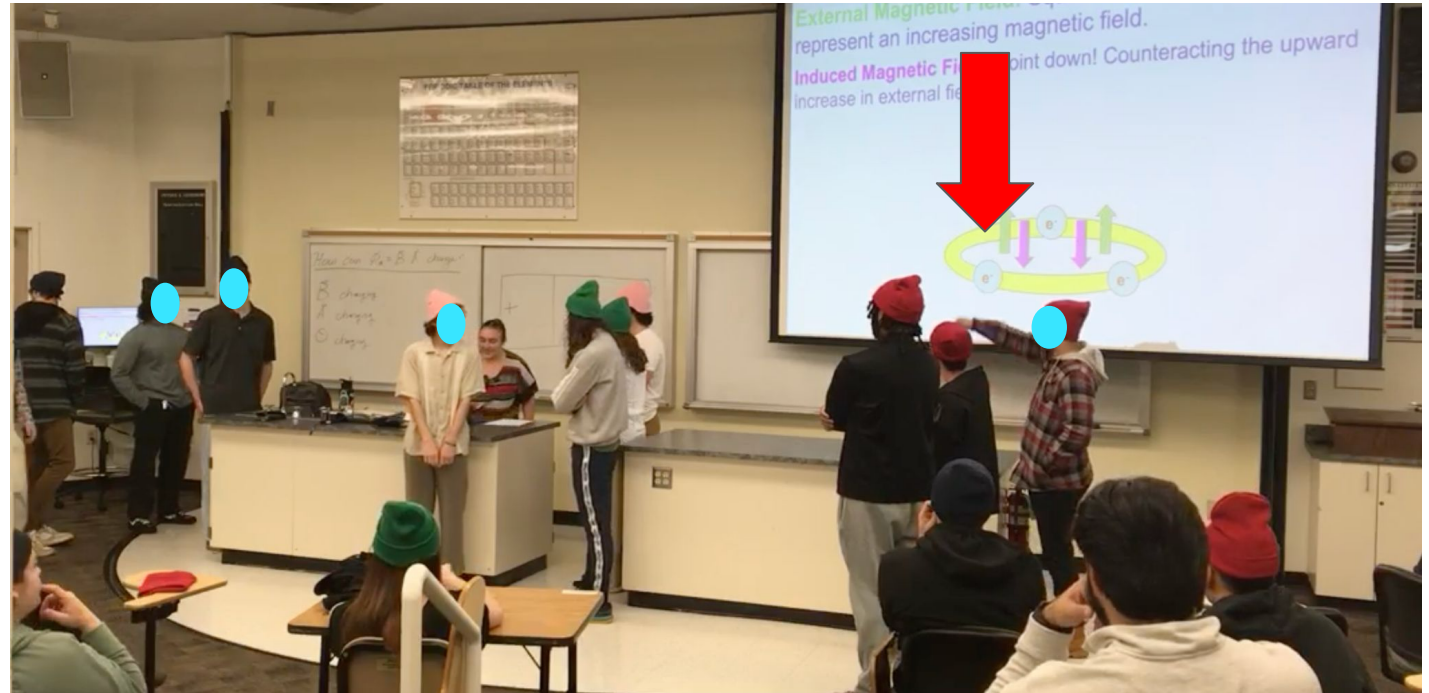
Second Iteration



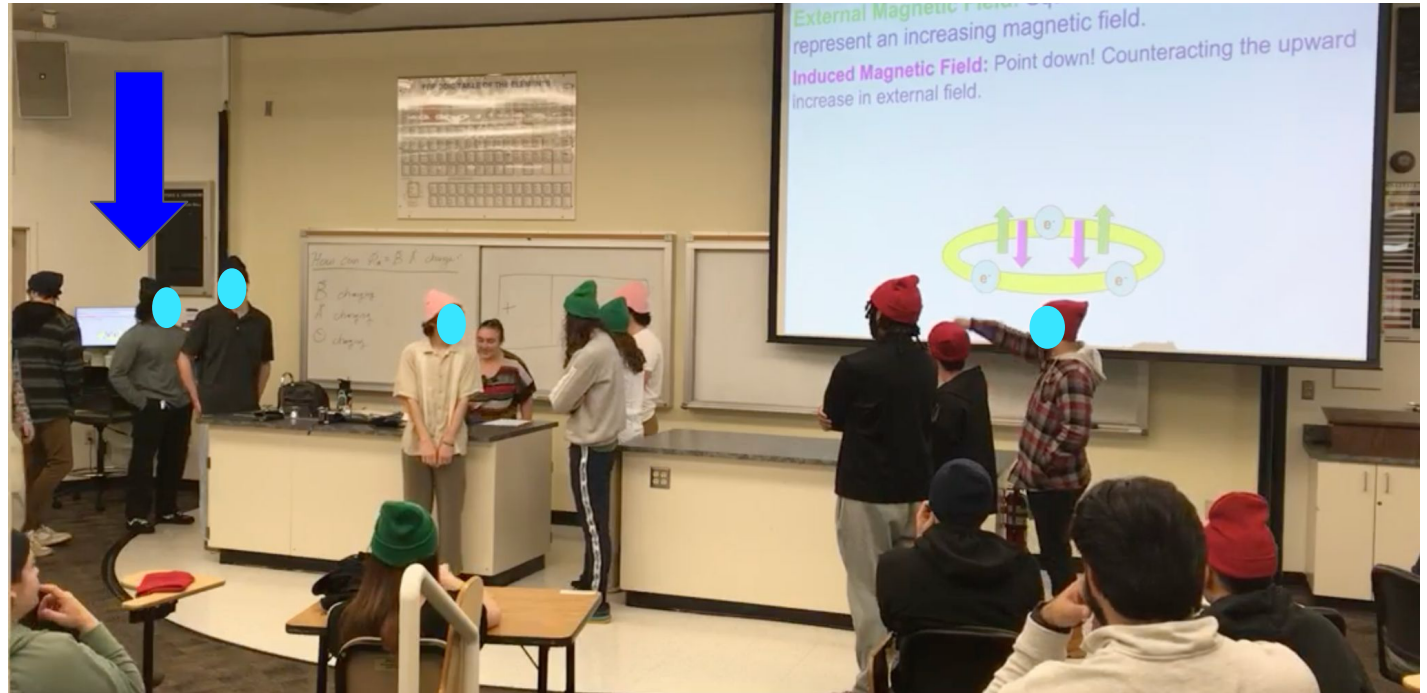
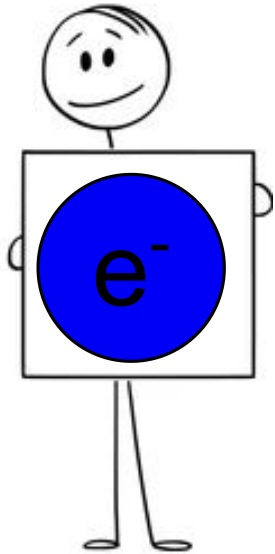
Second Iteration



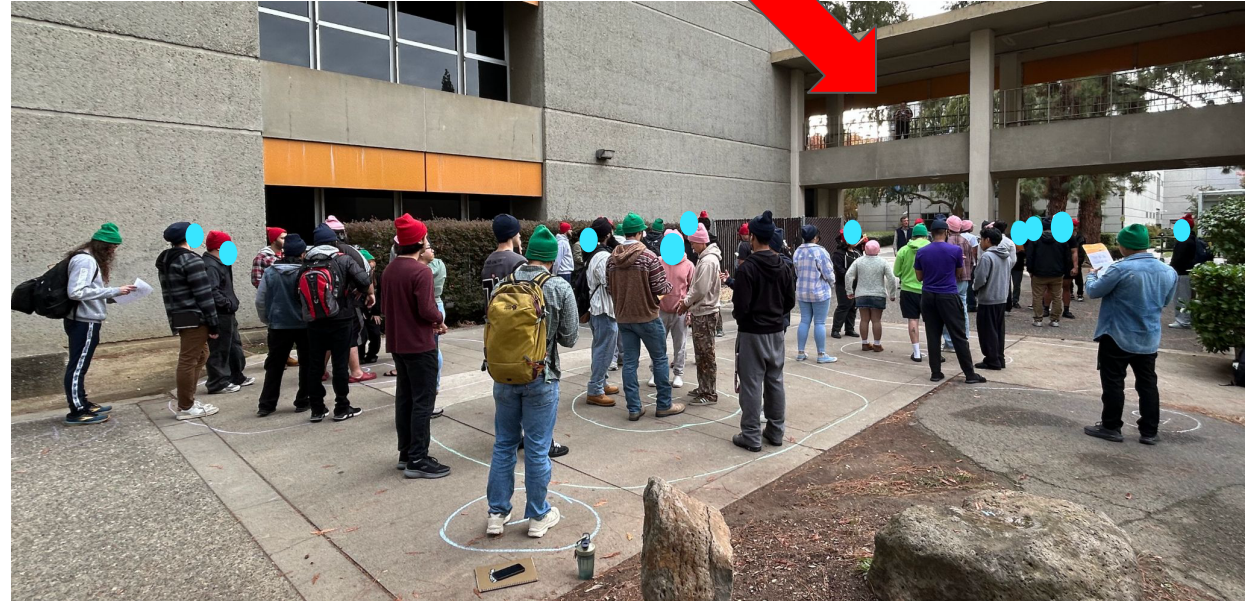
com • 1560714731



Second Iteration

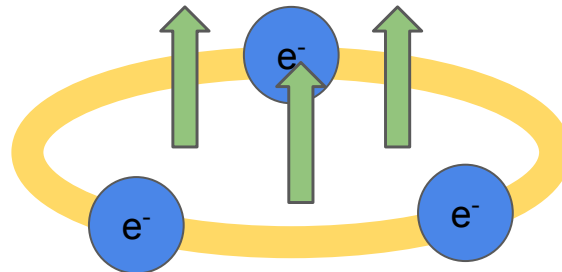


Second Iteration



Second Iteration - Discovering AC Current

External Magnetic Field: Point your arrows straight up, reaching your arm out. Then slowly lower your arm up all the way until it points downward. Then slowly lift your arm back so that it is pointing straight up. Repeat this motion continuously



Second Iteration - Discovering AC Current



Second Iteration - Discovering AC Current



Our observations of how it went

First Iteration

Successes

- Focal Students spoke up!
- Helped students with the right hand rule



Improvements

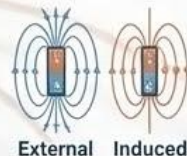
- Letters for groups were unnecessary.
- Instructor felt she was talking more than students



Second Iteration

Successes

- Students spoke up!
- Helped students differentiate between external and induced fields



Improvements

- Without switching some students were less engaged
- Couldn't complete the full set



Engagement Survey

During this activity: I felt happy.

✓ YES!

✓ yes

✗ no

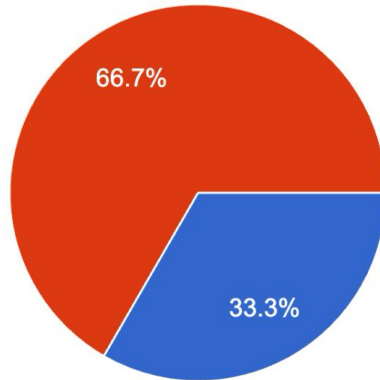
✗ NO!

Engagement Survey Results

1st Iteration

During this activity: I felt happy.

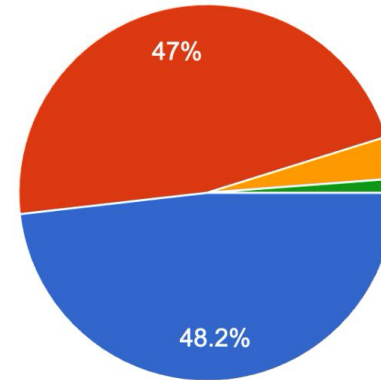
9 responses



2nd Iteration

During this activity: I felt happy.

83 responses

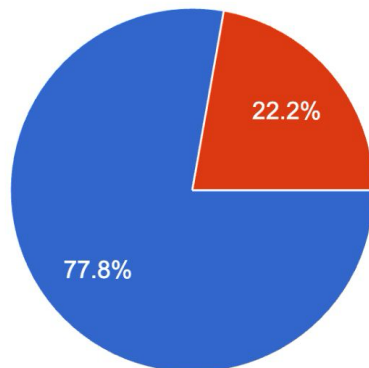


Engagement Survey Results

1st Iteration

During this activity: I felt intrigued and engaged.

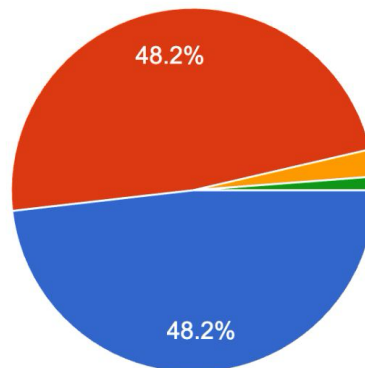
9 responses



2nd Iteration

During this activity: I felt intrigued and engaged.

83 responses



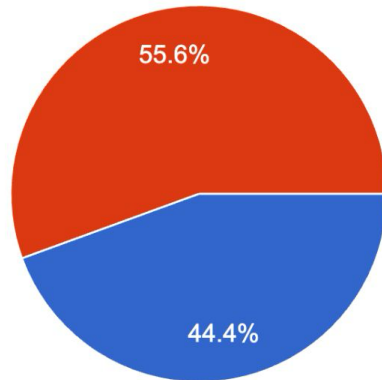
- YES!
- yes
- no
- NO!

Engagement Survey Results

1st Iteration

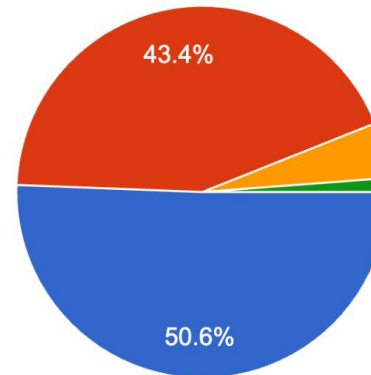
Physically engaging in the activity helped me to better visualize the scenario.

9 responses



2nd Iteration

83 responses

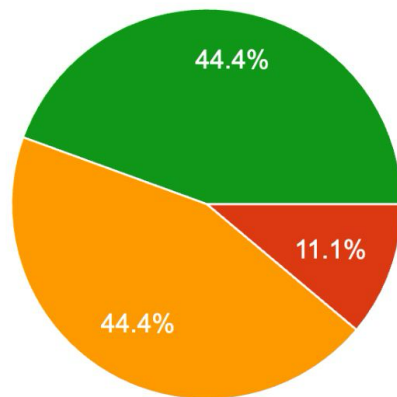


Engagement Survey Results

1st Iteration

I'm more confused than before the activity.

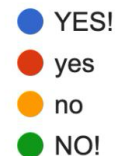
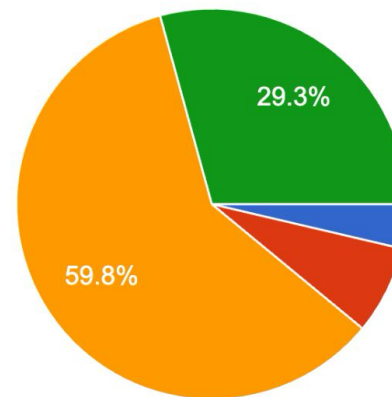
9 responses



2nd Iteration

I'm more confused than before the activity.

82 responses

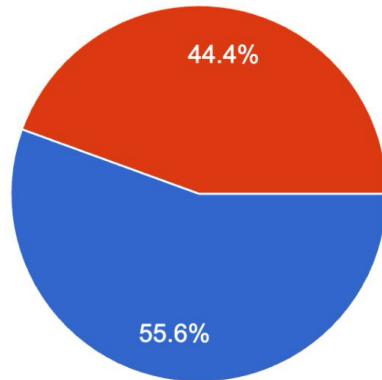


Engagement Survey Results

1st Iteration

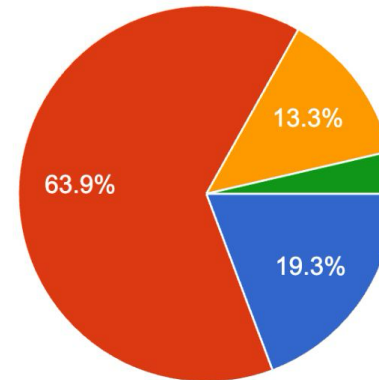
During the activity, I felt my voice was heard when I wanted to share.

9 responses



2nd Iteration

83 responses



Positive Feedback from Students

-  “This was notably helpful for visualizing the concepts involved”
-  “It was fun and entertaining. Honestly a nice change of pace from the usually class session.”
-  “Loved every part of it and it helped me fully understand the concept”
-  “It was fun, a great physical representation of the Law in action.”
-  “I would suggest doing more physical and outdoor lessons wherever possible. My favorite lesson of the semester!”
-  “This was the fastest I have learned information for this class, period. No other form of teaching has taught me a concept as fast”
-  “definitely more fun than clicker questions.”

Constructive Feedback from Students



Anxiety & Knowledge Gaps

The activity was very fun, but at times I would feel anxious as a result of my lack of knowledge and not being able to contribute as well as others did during the activity."



Desire for More Time

I wish we could have done this during the lab so that we would have had more time to go through it. (Multiple comments like this in 2nd iteration)



Need for Note-Taking

"I wish we were able to also take notes inbetween the senarios because i will forget"



Role Inequality

I felt there was inequality in the engagement required for each of the roles and so people should have maybe switched roles part way through a couple times."

What went well

- Students were **engaged** and generally having fun!
- We saw an increase in focal student participation and **leadership**!



Where we can improve

Changing Roles



Helped all students
stay engaged

Lab Setting & Time



Perhaps a lab setting
or longer lecture class
might be preferable for
sufficient time

Note-Taking



Students wanted to
take notes during the
activity

Investigating Learning



Further investigate if
students actually
learned more

Thank you!

For follow-up questions and
comments please contact:

- ✉ alexandra.miller@sonoma.edu
- ✉ brianna.santangelo@csus.edu
- ✉ eliza.morris@csus.edu
- ✉ sadibi@sdsu.edu
- ✉ yazdan.pedramrazi@sjsu.edu



Funding provided through award
number DUE-1953472

Any opinions, findings, and conclusions or recommendations expressed in this material are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily reflect the views of the National Science Foundation.

